

CABINET

Date of Meeting	Tuesday 19 th July, 2016
Report Subject	Revenue Budget Monitoring 2015/16 (Outturn)
Cabinet Member	Leader of the Council and Cabinet Member for Finance
Report Author	Corporate Finance Manager
Type of Report	Operational

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This report provides the outturn revenue budget monitoring position for 2015/16 for the Council Fund and Housing Revenue Account (subject to audit).

The final year end position is as follows:

Council Fund

- Net in year expenditure was £1.489m lower than budget
- A contingency reserve balance at 31 March 2016 of £4.375m

Housing Revenue Account (HRA)

- Net in year expenditure was £0.059m higher than budget
- A closing balance as at 31 March 2016 of £1.178m

RECOMMENDATIONS

1	Note the overall report and the Council Fund contingency sum as at 31 st March 2016.
2	Note the final level of balances on the Housing Revenue Account.

REPORT DETAILS

1.00	THE REVENUE BUDGET MONITORING POSITION FOR OUTTURN - 2015/16				
1.01	Council Fund Latest In Year Forecast				
	The table below shows the fin	al position by	y portfolio.		
	TOTAL EXPENDITURE AND INCOME	Original Budget	Revised Budget	Projected Outturn	In-Year Over/ (Under) spend
		£m	£m	£m	£m
	Social Services	59.696	59.146	59.194	0.048
	Community & Enterprise	12.598	12.923	11.822	(1.101)
	Streetscene &			~~~~~	
	Transportation	27.782	28.461	29.360	0.899
	Planning & Environment	4.887	5.427	5.512	0.085
	Education & Youth	13.760	12.145	12.205	0.060
	Schools	82.670 4.595	<u>84.969</u> 4.624	84.969 4.496	0.000 (0.128)
	People & Resources Governance	4.595	8.712	4.490	0.072
	Organisational Change	9.569	8.854	8.661	(0.193)
	Chief Executive	3.296	3.087	2.965	(0.193)
	Central & Corporate Finance	23.915	23.109	22.000	(1.109)
	Total	251.457	251.457	249.968	(1.489)
1.02	The reasons for the variance with movements between per Significant budget moveme	iods summar	ised in appe	ndix 1.	appendix 2
	The significant budget movements between month 12 and outturn is due to the allocation of the property and maintenance budget from Organisational Change to other portfolios to reflect actual expenditure.				
1.04	Brief Overview of the Year – Council Fund				
	Early challenges were exp overspend of £0.808m due to and emerging pressure due t economic factors.	delays in the	e achieveme	nt of in year	efficiencies
1.05	However, this was more that including an underspend of pressure for the Independ Government grant, and s	£0.573m wi	thin Social S Fund being	Services due funded by	to a new a Welsh

	Community and Enterprise in relation to Council Tax Reduction Scheme (CTRS) and Central and Corporate as a result of lower levels of centrally held inflation required. The net effect of this was an early projected underspend of $\pounds 0.212m$.
1.06	At Month 4 the forecast was revised to project an overspend of £0.425m mainly due to additional care packages within Social Services and an increase in the pressures being experienced within Streetscene.
1.07	The monthly position continued to project an overspend until Month 7 when the projection once again moved the Council fund into an underspend position of £0.387m which was mainly due to savings from interest costs due to a delay in capital expenditure together with additional savings from a delay in filling vacancies and higher than anticipated levels of income in certain areas.
1.08	Between Month 8 and Month 9, this projected underspend increased to £1.242m as the Council benefited from lower than anticipated requests for non-standard inflation and a reduction in its audit and banking fees. Lower than anticipated expenditure on the Council tax reduction scheme and an additional surplus on Council tax collection also contributed to this improving position.
1.09	The Month 11 projection increased the underspend to \pounds 1.574m mainly as a result of additional income from Welsh Government and from Health although this reduced to \pounds 1.372m in Month 12 as a result of additional costs relating to Out of County placements which were not previously incorporated into projections.
1.10	This final outturn report shows an increased underspend to £1.489 which is due to a reduction in the final Out of County placement costs and an increased return on interest and investment income. This reduction has been offset by reduced support service recharge income.
1.11	Throughout 2015/16, the Council had an obligation to maintain security and operation of the orphaned chemical site in Sandycroft which incurred running costs of £0.336m.
1.12	Programme of Efficiencies
	The 2015/16 budget contained £12.874m of specific efficiencies and Appendix 3 provides detail on the final position where there was a variation to the level of efficiency achieved compared to the budget.
1.13	This shows that that $\pounds 10.677m$ (83%) was achieved resulting in a net underachievement of $\pounds 2.197m$. The underachieved efficiencies are included within the final outturn figure.
1.14	Inflation
	Included within the 2015/16 budget were provisions for pay (£1.304m),

	targeted price inflation (£0.421m), non-standard inflation (£0. income (£0.254m). There was also an amount of £0.240m remain 2014/15 financial year which was also held centrally.	,
1.15	The final position is an underspend of $\pounds 0.125m$ comprising of \pounds food inflation and a surplus of $\pounds 0.061m$ remaining from inflation s pay. The balance of the 2014/15 inflation and $\pounds 0.110m$ from inflation have been included as an efficiency within the 2016/17 bu	set aside for the in-year
	Reserves and Balances	
1.16	Unearmarked Reserves	
	The 2014/15 outturn reported to Cabinet on 14^{th} July 20 unearmarked reserves at 31 March 2015 (above the base level of £4.746m.	
1.17	Taking into account previous allocations and the final underspend on the contingency reserve at 31 st March 2016 is £4.375m.	the balance
1.18	Earmarked Reserves	
	The Council adopted a reserves protocol in September 2015 which principles around how the council determines, manages and revie of reserves. Within the protocol was reference to regular repo- latest position to Cabinet and Corporate Resources Overview a Committee.	ews its level orting of the
1.19	The table below gives a summary of earmarked reserves as at 2016. A full analysis of the movement in reserves from 1 st April 2 March 2016 is contained within the Statement of Accounts.	
1.20	Council Fund Earmarked Reserves 2015/16	
	Reserve Type	Month 12 Actual 31/03/2016 £
	Schools	2,306,721
	Specific Reserves:Single Status/Equal PayGeneral Reserve - Review of ReservesGeneral Reserve - Investment in Organisational Change (Flintshire Futures)Self Insurance FundsBenefits Equalisation ReserveSupporting People ReserveCounty Elections	7,548,813 4,460,118 1,268,651 1,221,558 192,699 832,163 193,857

	Winter Maintenance	250,000
		250,000
	Waste Disposal Sites Car Park Reserve	370,859 86,284
		646,982
	Unitary Development Plan	· · ·
	Building Control Trading	90,611
	Flintshire Enterprise Reserve	72,892
	Design Fees	200,000
	Other Specific Reserves of less than £0.025m	39,214
	Cash Receipting Review	241,295
	EARMARKED-S106 Grants & Contributions	2,737,077
	Service Balances	4,985,529
	Total	27,745,323
	Housing Revenue Account	
1.21	On 17 February 2015 the Council approved a Housing Reven (HRA) budget for 2015/16 of \pounds 30.776m. The budget provided for balance of \pounds 1.396m.	
1.22	The 2014/15 Outturn Report to Cabinet on 14 July 2015 showe	ed a closing
1.22	balance at the end of 2014/15 of £1.510m.	
1.23	The outturn report for the HRA states final expenditure to be £0.0 than budget and a closing balance as at 31 March 2016 of £1.178 4.3% of total expenditure satisfies the prudent approach of minimum level of 3%.	3m, which at
1.24	Brief Overview of the Year - HRA	
	In 2015/16 the HRA generated £31m income. £8m was spent on maintenance. £5m contributed towards capital financing contribution borrowing and self-financing. The HRA budget also proving revenue contribution of £11.288m towards the funding of capital (CERA) an increase of £4.404m on the previous year. The closing reserves was £1.178m at 31 st March 2016. A balance of £0.241 rolled forward to implement Job Scheduling.	sts relating vided a total expenditure balance on
1.25	The continued improvement in the financial management of the 2015/16 has helped to enable delivery of the following service de and achievements.	•
	 Delivered £21m first year programme of the 6 year We Quality Standard (WHQS) delivery plan. 	lsh Housing
	 Introduced Total Mobile for Responsive Repairs teams. 	
	 Amended Call Out hours in line with revised single status ac 	preement.
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	Introduced flexible working for trades staff.
	• Minimised borrowing in year by £0.711m through delivering higher than anticipated revenue savings.
	 Delivered c£1m of efficiency savings including voids security costs, material efficiencies and staffing efficiencies.
	Outperformed all Responsive Repair targets throughout the year.
	Achieved an average of 99.8% for Gas Safety certificates.
	Developed a WHQS Compliance Policy.
	Introduced a revised fleet of vehicles for all trades staff.
	 Developed a revised Housing Management structure and service policies and procedures.
	 Relocated all Council Housing service teams into one area at County Offices Flint.
	• Purchased and installed solar panels on approximately 600 properties which has generated savings for tenants and income for the HRA which is being ring-fenced for further energy efficiency measures.
	 Completed 497 disabled adaptations which enable tenants to return home from hospital or maintain independence. The team works closely with the WHQS team so that WHQS work is completed at the same time and disruption is kept to a minimum.
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2.00	RESOURCE IMPLICATIONS
2.01	The Budget Monitoring Report reflects the planned use of the financial resources of the Council for the current financial year and details the variations occurring to date.

3.00	CONSULTATIONS REQUIRED / CARRIED OUT
3.01	None Required.

4.00	RISK MANAGEMENT
4.01	As we are nearing the closure of the 2015/16 accounts it is not anticipated that there are any significant risks to the Final Outturn which will be reported to Cabinet on 19 July 2016. The summary of in-year risks are not included as in previous month's reports as they have now been projected through to year end.

5.00	APPENDICES
5.01	Council Fund – Movement in Variances from Month 12 – Appendix 1 Council Fund – Budget Variances – Appendix 2 Council Fund – Programme of Efficiencies – Appendix 3 Council Fund – Movement on unearmarked reserves – Appendix 4 Housing Revenue Account Variances – Appendix 5

6.00	LIST OF ACCESSIBLE BACKGROUND DOCUMENTS	
6.01	None required	
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7.00	GLOSSARY OF TERMS
7.01	Budget: a statement expressing the Council's policies and service levels in financial terms for a particular financial year. In its broadest sense it includes both the revenue budget and capital programme and any authorised amendments to them.
7.02	Council Fund: the fund to which all the Council's revenue expenditure is charged.
7.03	Financial Year: the period of twelve months commencing on 1 April.
7.04	Housing Revenue Account: the Housing Revenue Account (HRA) is a local authority account showing current income and expenditure on housing services related to its own housing stock. The account is separate from the Council Fund and trading accounts and is funded primarily from rents and government subsidy.
7.05	Projected Outturn: projection of the expenditure to the end of the financial year, made on the basis of actual expenditure incurred to date.
7.06	Reserves: these are balances in hand that have accumulated over previous years and are held for defined (earmarked reserves) and general (general reserves) purposes. Councils are required to regularly review the level and purpose of their reserves and to take account of the advice of the Chief Finance Officer.
7.07	Revenue: a term used to describe the day-to-day costs of running Council services and income deriving from those services. It also includes charges for the repayment of debt, including interest, and may include direct financing of capital expenditure.

7.08	Underspend: when referring to expenditure the actual expenditure incurred is less than budget. Shown as a –ve. When referring to income the actual income achieved exceeds the budget. Shown as a –ve.
7.09	Variance: difference between latest budget and actual income or expenditure. Can be to date if reflecting the current or most up to date position or projected, for example projected to the end of the month or financial year.
7.10	Virement: the transfer of budget provision from one budget head to another. Virement decisions apply to both revenue and capital expenditure heads, and between expenditure and income, and may include transfers from contingency provisions. Virements may not however be approved between capital and revenue budget heads.